2019-2020-2021

The Parliament of the Commonwealth of Australia

HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

As passed by both Houses

Treasury Laws Amendment (News Media and Digital Platforms Mandatory Bargaining Code) Bill 2021

No. , 2021

A Bill for an Act to amend the *Competition and Consumer Act 2010* in relation to digital platforms, and for related purposes

## Contents Short title.....1 2 Commencement......1 Schedules......2 Part 1—Main amendments 3 Competition and Consumer Act 2010 3 Part 2—Other amendments 55 Competition and Consumer Act 2010 55

1 2 3	A Bill for an Act to amend the <i>Competition and Consumer Act 2010</i> in relation to digital platforms, and for related purposes
4	The Parliament of Australia enacts:
5	1 Short title
6 7	This Act is the Treasury Laws Amendment (News Media and Digital Platforms Mandatory Bargaining Code) Act 2021.
8	2 Commencement
9 0 1 2	(1) Each provision of this Act specified in column 1 of the table commences, or is taken to have commenced, in accordance with column 2 of the table. Any other statement in column 2 has effect according to its terms.

Commencement in	formation	
Column 1	Column 2	Column 3
Provisions	Commencement	Date/Details
1. Sections 1 to 3 and anything in this Act not elsewhere covered by this table	The day after this Act receives the Roy Assent.	al
2. Schedule 1	The day after this Act receives the Roy. Assent.	al
Note:	This table relates only to the provisions of enacted. It will not be amended to deal withis Act.	
Inform	aformation in column 3 of the table is nation may be inserted in this column e edited, in any published version of	, or information in it
3 Schedules		
repeal	ation that is specified in a Schedule to ed as set out in the applicable items in ened, and any other item in a Schedul	n the Schedule

according to its terms.

1 2	Schedule 1—Digital platforms and Australian news businesses
3	Part 1—Main amendments
4	Competition and Consumer Act 2010
5 6	1 After Part IVB Insert:
7 8	Part IVBA—News media and digital platforms mandatory bargaining code
9	Division 1—Basic concepts
10	52A Definitions
1	In this Part:
12	<b>ACMA</b> means the Australian Communications and Media Authority.
14	bargaining news business representative, for a registered news business, has the meaning given by section 52ZD.
16	bargaining parties has the meaning given by section 52ZG.
17	core bargaining issues has the meaning given by section 52ZG.
18	core news content means content that reports, investigates or explains:
20	(a) issues or events that are relevant in engaging Australians in
21	public debate and in informing democratic decision-making;
22	or
23 24	(b) current issues or events of public significance for Australians at a local, regional or national level.
25	covered news content means content that is any of the following:
26	(a) core news content;

, 2021

1 2	(b) content that reports, investigates or explains current issues or events of interest to Australians.
3	designated digital platform corporation means a corporation that
4	is specified as a designated digital platform corporation in a
5	determination under section 52E.
6	designated digital platform service, of a designated digital
7	platform corporation, means a service that is specified as a
8	designated digital platform service of the corporation in a
9	determination under section 52E.
10	news business means:
11	(a) a news source; or
12	(b) a combination of news sources.
13	news source means any of the following, if it produces, and
14	publishes online, news content:
15	(a) a newspaper masthead;
16	(b) a magazine;
17	(c) a television program or channel;
18	(d) a radio program or channel;
19	(e) a website or part of a website;
20	(f) a program of audio or video content designed to be
21	distributed over the internet.
22	registered news business means a news business that is registered
23	under section 52G.
24	registered news business corporation:
25	(a) a <i>registered news business corporation</i> means a corporation
26	that is registered under section 52G; and
27	(b) a registered news business corporation, for a registered
28	news business, means the corporation that is endorsed under
29	section 52G as the registered news business corporation for
30	the registered news business.
31	register of bargaining code arbitrators means the register
32	established under section 52ZK.
33	remuneration issue has the meaning given by subsection 52ZL(1).

1 2	represented registered news business has the meaning given by section 52ZG.
3	responsible digital platform corporation for a designated digital platform service is:
5	(a) a corporation that:
6	(i) is a related body corporate of the service's designated
7	digital platform corporation; and
8	(ii) if the corporation is not incorporated in Australia—is managed in Australia; and
10	(iii) either by itself or together with other corporations,
11	operates or controls the designated digital platform
12 13	service in supplying services that are used by Australians; or
14	(b) if there is no corporation that satisfies the requirements of
15	paragraph (a)—the service's designated digital platform
16	corporation.
17	52B Making content available
18	(1) For the purposes of this Part, a service makes content available if:
19 20	(a) the content is reproduced on the service, or is otherwise placed on the service; or
21	(b) a link to the content is provided on the service; or
22	(c) an extract of the content is provided on the service.
23 24	(2) Subsection (1) does not limit, for the purposes of this Part, the ways in which a service makes content available.
25	52C Interacting with content
26	(1) For the purposes of this Part, a user of a service interacts with
27	content made available by the service if:
28 29 30	(a) the content is reproduced on the service, or is otherwise placed on the service, and the user interacts with the content; or
31 32	<ul><li>(b) a link to the content is provided on the service and the user interacts with the link; or</li></ul>
33 34	(c) an extract of the content is provided on the service and the user interacts with the extract.

, 2021

1 2 3	(2) Subsection (1) does not limit, for the purposes of this Part, the ways in which a user of a service interacts with content made available by a service.
4	52D Distributing content
5	(1) For the purposes of this Part, the following are examples of ways in which a service distributes content that is made available by the
6 7	service:
8	(a) ranking the content;
9	(b) curating the content;
0	(c) making the content more or less prominent;
1	(d) making a user more or less likely to interact with the content
12	(2) Subsection (1) does not limit, for the purposes of this Part, the
13	ways in which a service distributes content that is made available
4	by the service.
15	(3) For the purposes of this Part, treat the following alterations as
6	alterations to the ways in which a service distributes content that i
17	made available by the service:
8	(a) an alteration to the ways in which the service distributes a
9	particular class of content;
20 21	Example 1: An alteration that increases the prevalence or prominence of video content made available by the service by making such
22	video content made available by the service by making such video content play automatically.
23	Example 2: An alteration that increases or decreases the prevalence or
24	prominence of content made available by the service with which
25	users of the service have previously interacted.
26	Example 3: An alteration that increases the prevalence or prominence of
27 28	content made available by the service by making extracts from the content available on the service automatically.
29	Example 4: An alteration that increases the ranking of content made
30	available by the service if a user's friends and family have
31	interacted with content.
32	(b) an alteration to the ways in which the service distributes
33 34	content of a particular content creator, or class of content creators;
	,
35 36	Example 1: An alteration that increases or decreases the prevalence or prominence of content made available by the service if the

2	content is created by a news business that has facilities to make content load rapidly.
3 4 5	Example 2: An alteration that decreases the prevalence or prominence of content made available by the service if the content is created by an automated account.
6 7 8 9	Example 3: An alteration that decreases the prevalence or prominence of content made available by the service if the content is from a particular website, where attempts have been made to manipulate rankings of content from the website.
10 11 12	Example 4: An alteration that decreases the prevalence or prominence of content made available by the service if the content is from an account of a celebrity or other prominent individual.
13	(c) an alteration to the ways in which the service distributes a
14 15	particular class of content in relation to a particular class of users of the service.
16 17	Example 1: An alteration that prevents inappropriate content being made available by the service to children.
18 19 20	Example 2: An alteration that increases the prevalence or prominence of particular content made available by the service to users of a particular age.
21 22 23	Example 3: An alteration that decreases the prevalence or prominence of particular content made available by the service to users who have indicated they do not wish to see such content.
24 25 26 27	Example 4: An alteration that increases the prevalence or prominence of content made available by the service to users who are affected by a natural disaster, if the content is reliable information about the disaster.
28 29 30	(4) Subsection (3) does not limit, for the purposes of this Part, the kinds of alterations that are alterations to the ways in which a service distributes content that is made available by the service.
31 32	Division 2—Designated digital platform corporation and designated digital platform services
33	52E Minister may make designation determination
34 35	(1) The Minister may, by legislative instrument, make a determination that:
36 37 38	<ul> <li>(a) specifies one or more services covered by subsection (2) in relation to a corporation as <i>designated digital platform</i> <i>services</i> of the corporation; and</li> </ul>

, 2021

1 2	(b) specifies the corporation as a designated digital platform corporation.
3	(2) This subsection covers a service in relation to a corporation if:
4	(a) the corporation, either by itself or together with one or more
5	related bodies corporate of the corporation, operates or
6	controls the service; or
7	(b) a related body corporate of the corporation, either by itself or
8	together with one or more other related bodies corporate of
9	the corporation, operates or controls the service.
10	(3) In making the determination, the Minister must consider:
11	(a) whether there is a significant bargaining power imbalance
12	between Australian news businesses and the group comprised
13	of the corporation and all of its related bodies corporate; and
14	(b) whether that group has made a significant contribution to the
15	sustainability of the Australian news industry through
16	agreements relating to news content of Australian news
17	businesses (including agreements to remunerate those businesses for their news content).
18	businesses for their news content).
19	(4) In making the determination, the Minister may consider any reports
20	or advice of the Commission.
21	(5) Before making the determination, the Minister must give the
22	corporation notice in writing that the Minister intends to make a
23	determination under subsection (1) specifying the corporation and
24	a particular service or particular services.
25	(6) The Minister must not make the determination before the end of
26	the period of 30 days starting on the day on which the notice under
27	subsection (5) is given.
28	Division 3—Registered news businesses and registered
29	news business corporations
30 31	52F Application for registration of news business and news business corporation
32	(1) A corporation (the <i>applicant corporation</i> ) may apply to the
33	ACMA, in relation to a news business, for:

1	(a) If the news business is not already a registered news
2	business—the registration of the news business; and
3	(b) if the applicant corporation is not already a registered news
4	business corporation—the registration of the applicant
5	corporation; and
6 7	(c) the endorsement of the applicant corporation as the registered news business corporation for the news business.
8	(2) The application must:
9	(a) be in writing; and
10 11	(b) set out every news source that comprises the news business; and
12 13	(c) set out details of the applicant corporation's point of contact for the purposes of section 52Z; and
14 15	<ul> <li>(d) if regulations made for the purposes of this paragraph specify requirements—meet those requirements.</li> </ul>
16	(3) The news business set out in the application may be comprised of
17	some or all of the news sources that the applicant corporation,
18	either by itself or together with other corporations, operates or
19	controls.
20	52G Registration of news business and news business corporation
21 22	(1) If the ACMA considers that the requirement in subsection (2) is met, the ACMA must:
23 24	<ul><li>(a) if the news business is not already a registered news business—register the news business; and</li></ul>
25	(b) if the applicant corporation is not already a registered news
26	business corporation—register the applicant corporation; and
27	(c) endorse the applicant corporation as the registered news
28	business corporation for the news business.
29	(2) The requirement in this subsection is met if:
30	(a) the application is in accordance with subsection 52F(2); and
31	(b) if the news business is not already a registered news
32	business—none of the news sources set out in the application
2د	
33	in accordance with paragraph 52F(2)(b) form part of another
	in accordance with paragraph 52F(2)(b) form part of another news business that is a registered news business; and

1 2	(c) if the news business is not already a registered news business—all of the following requirements are met in
3	relation to the news business:
4	(i) the requirement in subsection 52N(1) (the content test);
5 6	(ii) the requirement in subsection 52O(1) (the Australian audience test);
7	(iii) the requirement in subsection 52P(1) (the professional standards test); and
8	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
9 10	(d) if the applicant corporation is not already a registered news business corporation—the applicant corporation meets the
11	requirement in subsection 52M(1) (the revenue test); and
12	(e) the applicant corporation meets the requirement in
13 14	section 52L (connection between applicant corporation and news business) in relation to the news business.
14	news business) in relation to the news business.
15	(3) The ACMA must publish details of each registration and
16	endorsement on the ACMA's website (including details of the
17	applicant corporation's point of contact for the purposes of
18	section 52Z).
19	52H Revocation of registration or endorsement—general
19 20	52H Revocation of registration or endorsement—general  Revocation of registration of news business
20	Revocation of registration of news business
20 21	Revocation of registration of news business  (1) The ACMA may revoke the registration of a registered news business if the ACMA considers that one or more of the news sources that form part of the registered news business form part of
20 21 22	<ul><li>Revocation of registration of news business</li><li>(1) The ACMA may revoke the registration of a registered news business if the ACMA considers that one or more of the news</li></ul>
20 21 22 23	<ul><li>Revocation of registration of news business</li><li>(1) The ACMA may revoke the registration of a registered news business if the ACMA considers that one or more of the news sources that form part of the registered news business form part of another registered news business.</li><li>(2) The ACMA may revoke the registration of a registered news</li></ul>
20 21 22 23 24	<ul> <li>Revocation of registration of news business</li> <li>(1) The ACMA may revoke the registration of a registered news business if the ACMA considers that one or more of the news sources that form part of the registered news business form part of another registered news business.</li> <li>(2) The ACMA may revoke the registration of a registered news business if the ACMA considers that any of the following</li> </ul>
20 21 22 23 24 25	<ul> <li>Revocation of registration of news business</li> <li>(1) The ACMA may revoke the registration of a registered news business if the ACMA considers that one or more of the news sources that form part of the registered news business form part of another registered news business.</li> <li>(2) The ACMA may revoke the registration of a registered news business if the ACMA considers that any of the following requirements are <i>not</i> met in relation to the news business:</li> </ul>
20 21 22 23 24 25 26	<ul> <li>Revocation of registration of news business</li> <li>(1) The ACMA may revoke the registration of a registered news business if the ACMA considers that one or more of the news sources that form part of the registered news business form part of another registered news business.</li> <li>(2) The ACMA may revoke the registration of a registered news business if the ACMA considers that any of the following requirements are <i>not</i> met in relation to the news business: <ul> <li>(a) the requirement in subsection 52N(1) (the content test);</li> </ul> </li> </ul>
20 21 22 23 24 25 26 27 28 29	<ul> <li>Revocation of registration of news business</li> <li>(1) The ACMA may revoke the registration of a registered news business if the ACMA considers that one or more of the news sources that form part of the registered news business form part of another registered news business.</li> <li>(2) The ACMA may revoke the registration of a registered news business if the ACMA considers that any of the following requirements are <i>not</i> met in relation to the news business: <ul> <li>(a) the requirement in subsection 52N(1) (the content test);</li> <li>(b) the requirement in subsection 52O(1) (the Australian</li> </ul> </li> </ul>
20 21 22 23 24 25 26 27 28	<ul> <li>Revocation of registration of news business</li> <li>(1) The ACMA may revoke the registration of a registered news business if the ACMA considers that one or more of the news sources that form part of the registered news business form part of another registered news business.</li> <li>(2) The ACMA may revoke the registration of a registered news business if the ACMA considers that any of the following requirements are <i>not</i> met in relation to the news business: <ul> <li>(a) the requirement in subsection 52N(1) (the content test);</li> <li>(b) the requirement in subsection 52O(1) (the Australian audience test);</li> </ul> </li> </ul>
20 21 22 23 24 25 26 27 28 29 30 31	<ul> <li>Revocation of registration of news business</li> <li>(1) The ACMA may revoke the registration of a registered news business if the ACMA considers that one or more of the news sources that form part of the registered news business form part of another registered news business.</li> <li>(2) The ACMA may revoke the registration of a registered news business if the ACMA considers that any of the following requirements are <i>not</i> met in relation to the news business: <ul> <li>(a) the requirement in subsection 52N(1) (the content test);</li> <li>(b) the requirement in subsection 52O(1) (the Australian audience test);</li> <li>(c) the requirement in subsection 52P(1) (the professional</li> </ul> </li> </ul>
20 21 22 23 24 25 26 27 28 29 30	<ul> <li>Revocation of registration of news business</li> <li>(1) The ACMA may revoke the registration of a registered news business if the ACMA considers that one or more of the news sources that form part of the registered news business form part of another registered news business.</li> <li>(2) The ACMA may revoke the registration of a registered news business if the ACMA considers that any of the following requirements are <i>not</i> met in relation to the news business: <ul> <li>(a) the requirement in subsection 52N(1) (the content test);</li> <li>(b) the requirement in subsection 52O(1) (the Australian audience test);</li> </ul> </li> </ul>
20 21 22 23 24 25 26 27 28 29 30 31	<ul> <li>Revocation of registration of news business</li> <li>(1) The ACMA may revoke the registration of a registered news business if the ACMA considers that one or more of the news sources that form part of the registered news business form part of another registered news business.</li> <li>(2) The ACMA may revoke the registration of a registered news business if the ACMA considers that any of the following requirements are <i>not</i> met in relation to the news business: <ul> <li>(a) the requirement in subsection 52N(1) (the content test);</li> <li>(b) the requirement in subsection 52O(1) (the Australian audience test);</li> <li>(c) the requirement in subsection 52P(1) (the professional</li> </ul> </li> </ul>

2	business.
3	Revocation of registration of corporation
4	(4) The ACMA may revoke the registration of a registered news
5	business corporation if the ACMA considers that the corporation
6	does not meet the requirement in subsection 52M(1) (the revenue
7	test).
8	(5) The ACMA may revoke the registration of a registered news
9	business corporation if the corporation is not endorsed as the
10	registered news business corporation for at least one registered
11	news business.
12	Revocation of registration of endorsement of corporation for news
13	business
14	(6) The ACMA may revoke the endorsement of a registered news
15	business corporation as the registered news business corporation
16	for a registered news business if the ACMA considers that the
17	corporation does not meet the requirement in section 52L
18	(connection between corporation and news business) in relation to
19	the registered news business.
20	(7) To avoid doubt, the ACMA may revoke the endorsement of a
21	registered news business corporation as the registered news
22	business corporation for a registered news business at the same
23	time as it endorses another registered news business corporation as
24	the registered news business corporation for the registered news
25	business.
26	Example: A registered news business corporation (the <i>selling corporation</i> ) sells
27	a registered news business to another corporation. The other
28	corporation applies under section 52G for registration as a registered
29	news business corporation and for endorsement as the registered news
30	business corporation for the registered news business. The ACMA grants the application at the same time as revoking the endorsement of
31 32	the selling corporation as the registered news business corporation for
33	the registered news business.

1	52I Revocation of registration or endorsement—false or misleading
2	information or documents
3 4	(1) This section applies if, as a result of an application by a corporation under section 52F, the ACMA:
5	(a) registered a news business; or
6	(b) registered a corporation; or
7 8	(c) endorsed a corporation as the registered news business corporation for a news business.
9	(2) The ACMA may revoke the registration or endorsement if the
10	ACMA considers that the corporation, in making the application,
11	gave the ACMA information that was or documents that were false
12	or misleading in a material particular.
13	(3) To avoid doubt, for the purposes of this section, information or
14	documents may be false or misleading in a material particular
15	because of the omission of a matter or thing.
	521 Obligation on registered many business commenstion to notify
16 17	52J Obligation on registered news business corporation to notify ACMA of loss of qualification for registration
18	(1) The registered news business corporation for a registered news
19	business must notify the ACMA, as soon as practicable, if any of
20	the following requirements are no longer met in relation to the
21	registered news business corporation or the registered news
22	business:
23	(a) the requirement in subsection 52N(1) (the content test);
24	(b) the requirement in subsection 52O(1) (the Australian
25	audience test);
26 27	(c) the requirement in subsection 52P(1) (the professional standards test);
	(d) the requirement in subsection 52M(1) (the revenue test);
28	
29 30	(e) the requirement in section 52L (connection between corporation and news business).
31	(2) The notification must be in writing.

1	321X Adding of Temoving news source from registered news business
2	(1) A registered news business corporation for a registered news
3	business may apply to the ACMA for:
4	(a) the addition of a news source to the news business; or
5	(b) the removal of a news source from the news business.
6	(2) The application must:
7	(a) be in writing; and
8 9	(b) set out every news source that comprises the news business; and
0	(c) specify the news source to be added or removed; and
1	(d) if regulations made for the purposes of this paragraph specify
12	requirements—meet those requirements.
13	(3) The ACMA may add the news source to the news business if the
4	ACMA considers that:
15	(a) the application is in accordance with subsection (2); and
6	(b) the news source does not form part of another news business
17	that is a registered news business; and
8	(c) the corporation would continue to meet the requirement in
9	52L (connection between applicant corporation and news
20	business) in relation to the news business if the news source
21	were added to the news business; and
22	(d) the news business would continue to meet all of the
23	following requirements if the news source were added to the
24	news business:
25	(i) the requirement in subsection 52N(1) (the content test);
26	(ii) the requirement in subsection 52O(1) (the Australian
27	audience test);
28	(iii) the requirement in subsection 52P(1) (the professional
29	standards test).
80	(4) The ACMA may remove the news source from the registered news
31	business if the application is in accordance with subsection (2).
32	(5) The ACMA must publish details of the addition or removal on the
33	ACMA's website.

1 2	52L	Requirements for connection between corporation and news business
3 4		For the purposes of this Division, the requirement is that the corporation, either by itself or together with other corporations,
5		operates or controls the news business.
6	52M	Revenue test
7		(1) For the purposes of this Division, the requirement is that the annual
8 9		revenue of the corporation (or of a related body corporate of the corporation), as set out in the corporation's (or the related body
9 10		corporation), as set out in the corporation's (of the related body corporate's) annual accounts prepared in accordance with generally
11		accepted accounting principles, exceeds \$150,000:
12		(a) for the most recent year for which there are such accounts; or
13		(b) for at least 3 of the 5 most recent years for which there are
14		such accounts.
15		(2) Subsection (3) applies if:
16 17		(a) the corporation (or the related body corporate) acquired a business; and
18		(b) the business' annual revenue for a year starting before the
19 20		acquisition is ascertainable from annual accounts prepared in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles.
21		(3) For the purposes of subsection (1) treat the revenue of the
22		corporation (or of the related body corporate) for the year
23		mentioned in paragraph (2)(b) as including the business' annual
24		revenue for that year.
25	52N	Content test
26		(1) The requirement in this subsection is met in relation to a news
27 28		business if the primary purpose of each news source covered by subsection (2) is to create content that is core news content.
29		(2) This subsection covers a news source if it comprises, whether by
30		itself or together with other news sources, the news business.

news content, take into account the following matters:  (a) the amount of core news content created by the news source  (b) the frequency with which the news source creates core new content;	
5 (b) the frequency with which the news source creates core new	
	œ;
6 content;	VS
(c) the degree of prominence given to core news content creat by the news source, compared with the degree of prominer given to other content created by the news source;	
(d) any other relevant matter.	
520 Australian audience test	
(1) The requirement in this subsection is met in relation to a news	
business if every news source covered by subsection (2) operate	S
predominantly in Australia for the dominant purpose of serving	
Australian audiences.	
16 (2) This subsection covers a news source if it comprises, whether by	7
itself or together with other news sources, the news business.	
52P Professional standards test	
19 (1) The requirement in this subsection is met in relation to a news business if:	
(a) every news source covered by subsection (2):	
(i) is subject to the rules of the Australian Press Council	
23 Standards of Practice or the Independent Media Cour	ncil
24 Code of Conduct; or	.011
25 (ii) is subject to the rules of the Commercial Television	
	1.
	ae
Industry Code of Practice, the Commercial Radio Co	ae
	ae
Industry Code of Practice, the Commercial Radio Co of Practice or the Subscription Broadcast Television Codes of Practice; or	
Industry Code of Practice, the Commercial Radio Co of Practice or the Subscription Broadcast Television Codes of Practice; or	
Industry Code of Practice, the Commercial Radio Co of Practice or the Subscription Broadcast Television Codes of Practice; or (iii) is subject to the rules of a code of practice mentioned	
Industry Code of Practice, the Commercial Radio Co of Practice or the Subscription Broadcast Television Codes of Practice; or (iii) is subject to the rules of a code of practice mentioned paragraph 8(1)(e) of the Australian Broadcasting	
Industry Code of Practice, the Commercial Radio Co of Practice or the Subscription Broadcast Television Codes of Practice; or  (iii) is subject to the rules of a code of practice mentioned paragraph 8(1)(e) of the Australian Broadcasting Corporation Act 1983 or paragraph 10(1)(j) of the	

1 2	(ii) or (iii) to the extent that they relate to the provision of quality journalism; or
3	(v) is subject to rules specified in the regulations that
4	replace those mentioned in subparagraph (i), (ii) or (iii);
5	or
6	(vi) is subject to other rules specified in the regulations; and
7 8	(b) every news source covered by subsection (2) has editorial independence from the subjects of its news coverage.
9	(2) This subsection covers a news source if it comprises, whether by itself or together with other news sources, the relevant news
10 11	business.
	Division 4 Conoral requirements
12	Division 4—General requirements
13	Subdivision A—Preliminary
14	52Q Obligations in respect of digital platform services individually
15	(1) The provisions of Subdivisions B and C create obligations in
16 17	respect of every designated digital platform service, in respect of each registered news business.
18	(2) Those obligations are placed on the responsible digital platform
19	corporation for the designated digital platform service, in respect of
20	the registered news business corporation for the registered news
21	business.
22	(3) If there is more than one responsible digital platform corporation
23	for the designated digital platform service:
24	(a) those obligations are placed on each of those responsible
25	digital platform corporations separately; and
26 27	(b) treat references in Subdivision B and C to the responsible digital platform corporation for the designated digital
28	platform service as being references to each responsible
29	digital platform corporation for the designated digital
30	platform service.

## Subdivision B—The minimum standards

1

2 3	52R Giving list and explanation of data provided to registered news businesses
4	(1) If the designated digital platform service makes available covered
5	news content of the registered news business, the responsible
6	digital platform corporation for the designated digital platform
7	service must ensure that:
8	(a) information covered by subsection (2) is given to the
9	registered news business corporation for the registered news
10	business; and
11 12	(b) the information is given in terms that are readily comprehensible; and
13	(c) if there are other designated digital platform services of the
14	responsible digital platform corporation—the information is
15	given in terms that relate specifically to the designated digital
16	platform service (and not in terms that relate to that service
17	and those other designated digital platform services in
18	aggregate); and
19	(d) the information is given to the registered news business
20	corporation no later than 28 days after the day on which the
21	registered news business was registered under section 52G;
22	and
23	(e) if regulations made for the purposes of this paragraph specify
24	other requirements for that information—those requirements
25	are satisfied.
26	(2) This subsection covers information that comprises lists and
27	explanations of the types of data covered by subsection (3).
28	(3) This subsection covers data:
29	(a) that relates to interactions of users of the designated digital
30	platform service with covered news content made available
31	by the designated digital platform service; and
32	(b) that the designated digital platform service provides to one or
33	more registered news businesses.
34	(4) The responsible digital platform corporation for the designated
35	digital platform service must ensure that:

1 2	(a) updated information covered by subsection (2) is given annually to the registered news business corporation for the
3	registered news business; and
4 5	(b) the updated information is given in terms mentioned in paragraphs (1)(b) and (c); and
6	(c) the updated information is given to the registered news
7	business corporation no later than 12 months after the later of
8	the following days:
9	(i) the day on which information was given to the
10	registered news business corporation in accordance with
11	subsection (1);
12	(ii) the most recent day on which updated information was
13	previously given to the registered news business
14	corporation in accordance with this subsection; and
15	(d) if regulations made for the purposes of this paragraph specify
16	other requirements for the updated information—those
17	requirements are satisfied.
18	(5) To avoid doubt, nothing in this section requires the responsible
19	digital platform corporation to give the data covered by
20	subsection (3) to the registered news business corporation.
21	52S Change to algorithm to bring about identified alteration to
22	distribution of content with significant effect on referral
23	traffic
24	(1) Subsection (2) applies if:
25	(a) a change is planned to be made to an algorithm of the
26	designated digital platform service; and
27	(b) the dominant purpose of the change is to bring about an
28	identified alteration to the ways in which the designated
29	digital platform service distributes content that is made
30	available by the service; and
31	(c) the change is likely to have a significant effect on the referral
32	traffic from the designated digital platform service to the
	covered news content of registered news businesses
33	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
	(considered as a whole) that the service makes available.
33	(considered as a whole) that the service makes available.
33 34	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·

1 2	(a) notice of the change is given to the registered news business corporation for each registered news business; and
3	(b) the notice is given:
4 5	(i) unless subparagraph (ii) applies—at least 14 days before the change is made; or
6	(ii) if the change relates to a matter of urgent public
7	interest—no later than 48 hours after the change is
8	made; and
9	(c) the notice describes the change, and the effect mentioned in
10	paragraph (1)(c), in terms that are readily comprehensible;
11	and
12	(d) if there are other designated digital platform services of the
13	responsible digital platform corporation—the notice is given
14	in terms that relate specifically to the designated digital
15	platform service (and not in terms that relate to that service
16	and those other designated digital platform services in
17	aggregate).
18	(3) However, subsection (2) does not apply if the change is made
19	within 14 days after the day on which the registered news business
20	corporation was registered under section 52G.
21	52V Section 52S—dominant purpose
22	For the purposes of paragraph 52S(1)(b), treat a change as <i>not</i>
23	having the dominant purpose mentioned in that paragraph if the
24	change is any of the following:
25	(a) a change to an algorithm made as part of routine maintenance
26	with the dominant purpose of ensuring the ongoing
27	effectiveness of the algorithm;
28	(b) a change to an algorithm with the dominant purpose of
29	ensuring that the algorithm operates more quickly or more
30	efficiently.
31	52W Section 52S—significant effect
32	(1) For the purposes of paragraph 52S(1)(c), in determining whether
33	the change is likely to have the significant effect mentioned in the
34	paragraph, take into account the following matters:

1	(a)	whether, as a result of the change, there is likely to be a
2		significant variation to the amount of covered news content
3		made available by the designated digital platform service;
4	(b)	whether, as a result of the change, there is likely to be a
5		significant variation to the proportion of content made
6		available by the designated digital platform service
7		represented by covered news content;
8	(c)	any other relevant matter (subject to subsection (2)).
9		he purposes of paragraph 52S(1)(c), in determining whether
10		hange is likely to have the significant effect mentioned in the
11		graph, disregard the following matters:
12	(a)	whether, as a result of the change, there is likely to be a
13		significant variation to the proportion of covered news
14		content of all registered news businesses made available by
15		the designated digital platform service represented by the
16		covered news content of a particular registered news
17		business;
18	(b)	the relative turnover of registered news businesses whose
19 20		covered news content is made available by the designated digital platform service;
	(a)	the relative volume of covered news content created by
21 22	(C)	registered news businesses whose covered news content is
23		made available by the designated digital platform service;
24	(d)	the relative financial position of registered news businesses
25		whose covered news content is made available by the
26		designated digital platform service.
27	Subdivision C-	Recognition of original covered news content
28	52X Recognition	on of original covered news content
29	The 1	responsible digital platform corporation for the designated
30	digita	al platform service must ensure that:
31	(a)	a proposal is developed for the designated digital platform
32		service to recognise original covered news content when it
33		makes available and distributes that content; and
34	(b)	registered news business corporations are consulted in
35		developing that proposal before it is published; and

1 (c) the proposal is published no later than 6 months after the first registration of a news business under section 52G. 2 **Subdivision D—Facilitating open communication** 3 52Y Facilitating open communication—responsible digital platform 4 corporation for designated digital platform service 5 The responsible digital platform corporation for a designated 6 digital platform service must: 7 (a) set up a point of contact in Australia for the purpose of this 8 section no later than 28 days after the Minister makes a 9 determination under section 52E specifying the designated 10 digital platform corporation; and 11 (b) if regulations made for the purposes of this paragraph specify 12 requirements for the point of contact—ensure that the point 13 of contact meets those requirements; and 14 (c) give details of that point of contact to every registered news 15 business corporation: 16 (i) unless subparagraph (ii) applies—no later than 10 17 business days after the responsible digital platform 18 corporation sets up the point of contact; or 19 (ii) if the registered news business corporation is registered 20 under section 52G after the responsible digital platform 21 corporation sets up the point of contact—no later than 22 10 business days after the registered news business 23 corporation is registered under section 52G; and 24 (d) acknowledge every communication to that point of contact 25 from a registered news business corporation for a registered 26 news business that relates to the registered news business' 27 covered news content made available by the designated 28 digital platform service; and 29 (e) if regulations made for the purposes of this paragraph specify 30 requirements for the acknowledgement—ensure that the 31 acknowledgement meets those requirements. 32

	nting open communication—registered news business orporation for registered news business
	registered news business corporation for a registered news
b	usiness must:
	(a) set up a point of contact for the purpose of this section no later than the day on which the registered news business corporation is registered under section 52G; and
	<ul><li>(b) if regulations made for the purposes of this paragraph specify requirements for the point of contact—ensure that the point of contact meets those requirements; and</li></ul>
	(c) acknowledge every communication to that point of contact from a responsible digital platform corporation for a designated digital platform service that relates to the registered news business' covered news content made
	available by that designated digital platform service; and (d) if regulations made for the purposes of this paragraph specify
	requirements for the acknowledgement—ensure that the acknowledgement meets those requirements.
Subdivision	E—Trade secrets and personal information
52ZA Trade	e secrets
	Nothing in this Division requires the giving of information the isclosure of which would reveal a trade secret.
52ZB Perso	nal information
ir	Nothing in this Division requires or authorises the giving of information that is personal information (within the meaning of the <i>Privacy Act 1988</i> ).
Division 5-	—Non-differentiation
_	al service to be supplied without differentiating in elation to registered news businesses
	This section applies if a responsible digital platform corporation or a designated digital platform service, either by itself or together

1	with other corporations, operates or controls a digital service
2	(whether or not the designated digital platform service).
3	(2) The responsible digital platform corporation must ensure that the
4	supply of the digital service does not, in relation to crawling,
5	indexing, making available and distributing news businesses'
6	covered news content:
7	(a) differentiate between registered news businesses, because of
8	any of the following matters:
9	(ia) a corporation being registered under section 52G, or
10	being endorsed under that section as the registered news
11	business corporation for a news business;
12	(i) a bargaining news business representative for a
13	registered news business making a notification under
14	52ZE(1), or not making such a notification;
15	(ii) a bargaining news business representative for a
16	registered news business giving a notice under 52ZL(2),
17	or not giving such a notice;
18	(iii) a registered news business being paid, or not being paid,
19	an amount of remuneration for the making available of
20	the registered news business' covered news content by a
21	designated digital platform service (whether or not the
22	remuneration is paid in accordance with a determination
23	of a panel under section 52ZX));
24	(iv) a registered news business being the subject of, or not
25	being the subject of, an agreement of a kind described in
26	section 52ZZK or 52ZZL;
27	(v) a registered news business being the subject of, or not
28	being the subject of, an agreement resulting from the
29	acceptance of an offer of a kind described in
30	section 52ZZM; or
31	(b) differentiate between registered news businesses and news
32	businesses that are not registered news businesses, because of
33	any of the following matters:
34	(i) a matter mentioned in subparagraph (a)(ia), (i), (ii), (iii),
35	(iv) or (v);
36	(ii) a news business covered by subsection (3) being paid,
37	or not being paid, an amount of remuneration for the

1 2	making available of the news business' covered news content by a designated digital platform service;
3	(iii) a news business covered by subsection (3) being the
4	subject of, or not being the subject of, an agreement of a
5	kind described in section 52ZZK or 52ZZL;
6	(iv) a news business covered by subsection (3) being the
7	subject of, or not being the subject of, an agreement
8	resulting from the acceptance of an offer of a kind described in section 52ZZM; or
	(c) differentiate between news businesses that are not registered
10 11	news businesses, because of any of the following matters:
	(i) a corporation being eligible to be registered under
12 13	section 52G, or being eligible to be endorsed under that
14	section 32G, or being engine to be endorsed under that section as the registered news business corporation for a
15	news business;
16	(ii) a corporation applying under section 52F for
17	registration of itself, or of a news business, or for
18	endorsement of itself as the registered news business
19	corporation for a news business.
20	(3) This subsection covers a news business if:
21	(a) the news business is not a registered news businesses; and
22	(b) none of the news sources that comprise the business form
23	part of a registered news business.
24	(4) Subsection (2) does not apply in relation to differentiation if:
25	(a) there is an agreement between:
26	(i) the responsible digital platform corporation, or a related
27	body corporate of the responsible digital platform
28	corporation; and
29	(ii) a corporation that is registered (or is eligible to be
30	registered) under section 52G and, either by itself or
31	together with other corporations, operates or controls a
32	news business; and
33	(b) the agreement provides that a corporation mentioned in
34	subparagraph (a)(i) will ensure that remuneration is to be
35	paid to the news business for the making available of the
36	news business' covered news content by the digital service;
37	and

1 2	(c) the differentiation arises solely from the amount of that remuneration.
3	(5) Subsection (2) does not apply in relation to differentiation if:
4	(a) there is an agreement between:
5	(i) the responsible digital platform corporation, or a related
6 7	body corporate of the responsible digital platform corporation; and
8	(ii) a corporation that is registered (or is eligible to be
9	registered) under section 52G and, either by itself or
10 11	together with other corporations, operates or controls a news business; and
12	(b) the agreement provides that:
13	(i) a corporation mentioned in subparagraph (a)(ii) will
14	ensure the provision of a specified type of covered news
15	content to be made available by the digital service; and
16	(ii) a corporation mentioned in subparagraph (a)(i) will
17	ensure that the content is ranked preferentially when the
18	digital service distributes the covered news content; and
19	(c) the differentiation arises solely from that preferential ranking.
20	(6) For the purposes of this section:
21	(a) treat the reference in the definition of <i>news source</i> in
22	section 52A to "it produces" as instead being a reference to
23	"it regularly produces"; and
24 25	(b) treat the reference in that definition to "news content" as instead being a reference to "covered news content".
26	Division 6—Bargaining
27	Subdivision A—Preliminary
28	52ZD Bargaining news business representative for a registered news
29	business
30	(1) The registered news business corporation for a registered news
31	business is the bargaining news business representative for the
32	registered news business.
33	(2) Subsection (3) applies if:

1 2	(a) a registered news business corporation for a registered news business makes an agreement in writing with a person; and
3	(b) the agreement provides that the person should be the
4	bargaining news business representative for the registered
5	news business.
6 7	(3) Despite subsection (1), the person is the <i>bargaining news business representative</i> for the registered news business.
8	(4) To avoid doubt, a person can be the bargaining news business representative for 2 or more registered news businesses.
10	52ZE Notification of bargaining
11	(1) The bargaining news business representative for a registered news
12	business may notify a responsible digital platform corporation for a
13	designated digital platform service that it wishes to bargain over
14	one or more specified issues relating to the registered news
15	business' covered news content made available by the designated
16	digital platform service.
17	(2) If the bargaining news business representative is the bargaining
18	news business representative for 2 or more registered news
19	businesses, a notification made for the purposes of subsection (1)
20	may relate to some or all of those registered news businesses.
21	(3) If the responsible digital platform corporation is the responsible
22	digital platform corporation for 2 or more designated digital
23	platform services:
24	(a) a notification made for the purposes of subsection (1) may
25	relate to some or all of those designated digital platform
26	services; and
27	(b) where the notification relates to more than one designated
28	digital platform service—treat references in this Division and
29	in Division 7 to the designated digital platform service as
30	including references to each of the designated digital
31	platform services to which the notification relates.
32	(4) A notification made for the purposes of subsection (1) must set out
33	the following matters:
34	(a) the bargaining news business representative;

1 2	<ul><li>(b) each registered news business to which the notification relates;</li></ul>
3	(c) the designated digital platform service;
4 5	(d) the responsible digital platform corporation for the designated digital platform service;
6	(e) the specified issues mentioned in subsection (1);
7 8	(f) if regulations made for the purposes of this paragraph specify other matters—those matters.
9 10 11	(5) A notification made for the purposes of subsection (1) cannot be later varied to relate to a registered news business that was not set out in the notification.
12	Subdivision B—Bargaining obligations
13	52ZF Application of Subdivision
14	This Subdivision applies if a notification is made for the purposes
15	of subsection 52ZE(1).
16 17	52ZG Bargaining parties, core bargaining issues and represented registered news businesses
18	(1) The <i>bargaining parties</i> are as follows:
19 20	(a) the bargaining news business representative that made the notification;
21	(b) the responsible digital platform corporation for the
22	designated digital platform service to which the notification
23	relates.
24	(2) The bargaining parties may agree, in writing, that they wish to
25	bargain over one or more extra specified issues relating to the
26	registered news business' covered news content made available by
27	any of the following:
28	(a) the designated digital platform service;
29 30	(b) specified services other than the designated digital platform service.
31	

1 2	(a) the specified issues in the notification (as mentioned in paragraph 52ZE(4)(e)); and
3	(a) the specified issues in an agreement (if any) between the bargaining parties as mentioned in subsection (2).
5	<ul><li>(4) Each registered news business to which the notification relates is a represented registered news business.</li></ul>
7	52ZH Obligation to negotiate in good faith
8 9	Each bargaining party must negotiate in good faith over each core bargaining issue.
10	52ZI Obligation to notify Commission if agreement reached
12	If the bargaining parties reach agreement over each core bargaining issue, they must ensure that a written notification of the agreement is given to the Commission as soon as practicable.
4	Subdivision BA—Mediation
15	52ZIA Obligation to participate in mediation
16 17 18 19 20	<ul> <li>(1) This section applies if:</li> <li>(a) the bargaining parties have not reached agreement over each core bargaining issue within 3 months after the notification was made for the purposes of subsection 52ZE(1); or</li> <li>(b) the bargaining parties agree to refer the core bargaining issues to mediation under this Subdivision.</li> </ul>
17 18 19 20	<ul><li>(a) the bargaining parties have not reached agreement over each core bargaining issue within 3 months after the notification was made for the purposes of subsection 52ZE(1); or</li><li>(b) the bargaining parties agree to refer the core bargaining</li></ul>
17 18 19 20 21	<ul> <li>(a) the bargaining parties have not reached agreement over each core bargaining issue within 3 months after the notification was made for the purposes of subsection 52ZE(1); or</li> <li>(b) the bargaining parties agree to refer the core bargaining issues to mediation under this Subdivision.</li> <li>(2) Each bargaining party must participate in a mediation about the</li> </ul>
17 18 19 20 21 22 23	<ul> <li>(a) the bargaining parties have not reached agreement over each core bargaining issue within 3 months after the notification was made for the purposes of subsection 52ZE(1); or</li> <li>(b) the bargaining parties agree to refer the core bargaining issues to mediation under this Subdivision.</li> <li>(2) Each bargaining party must participate in a mediation about the core bargaining issues.</li> <li>(3) To avoid doubt, each bargaining party must comply with</li> </ul>

1	52ZIB	Rules about conduct of mediation
2 3		(1) The regulations may set out rules relating to the conduct of a mediation under this Subdivision.
4 5		(2) A mediation under this Subdivision is to be conducted according to those rules.
6 7 8 9		(3) Despite subsection 14(2) of the <i>Legislation Act 2003</i> , regulations made for the purposes of subsection (1) may make provision in relation to a matter by applying, adopting or incorporating, with or without modification, any matter contained in an instrument or other writing as in force or existing from time to time.
11 12 13 14 15		<ul> <li>(4) Without limiting the scope of regulations that may be made for the purposes of subsection (1), those regulations may:</li> <li>(a) set out rules relating to the payment of the costs of the mediator; and</li> <li>(b) without limiting the scope of paragraph (a), specify who is to pay those costs.</li> </ul>
17	52ZIC	Termination of mediation
18 19 20 21 22 23 24 25 26		<ul> <li>(1) A mediation under this Subdivision terminates if:</li> <li>(a) unless paragraph (b) applies—2 months have passed since the start of the mediation; or</li> <li>(b) if the bargaining parties agree to a 2-month extension of the mediation—4 months have passed since the start of the mediation; or</li> <li>(c) the mediator decides to terminate the mediation in accordance with subsections (3) and (4); or</li> <li>(d) the bargaining parties agree to terminate the mediation.</li> </ul>
27 28		(2) To avoid doubt, the bargaining parties can only agree to one extension in accordance with paragraph (1)(b).
29 30 31 32 33		(3) The mediator may decide to terminate the mediation if, having regard to the conduct of the bargaining parties in the mediation, the mediator considers that there are no reasonable prospects of the bargaining parties reaching agreement over each core bargaining issue.

	(4) The mediator may decide to terminate the mediation whether or not a bargaining party has asked the mediator to do so.
Subdi	vision C—Miscellaneous
<b>52ZJ</b>	Bargaining over other issues
	To avoid doubt, nothing in this Division limits the bargaining parties to negotiating only over the core bargaining issues.
Divis	ion 7—Arbitration about remuneration issue
Subdi	vision A—Preliminary
52ZK	Register of bargaining code arbitrators
	(1) The ACMA must establish and keep a register of bargaining code arbitrators.
	(2) Each such person listed on the register must be:
	(a) a person experienced in legal matters, economic matters or industry matters; or
	(b) a person who the ACMA considers has appropriate experience to be a member of an arbitral panel for the purposes of this Part.
	(3) In listing a person on the register, the ACMA must consider requirements (if any) specified in regulations made for the purposes of this subsection.
Subdi	vision B—Starting arbitration
<b>52ZL</b>	Notification of arbitration
	(1) This section applies if:
	(a) a notification has been made for the purposes of subsection 52ZE(1) to a responsible digital platform corporation for a designated digital platform service; and
	(b) one of the core bargaining issues (the <i>remuneration issue</i> ) concerns the remuneration to be paid to a registered news

1	business for the making available of the registered news
2	business' covered news content by the designated digital
3	platform service.
4	(2) The bargaining party that is the bargaining news business
5	representative may give a notice to the Commission that arbitration
6	about the remuneration issue should start, if:
7	(a) both of the following conditions are satisfied:
8	(i) mediation in respect of the core bargaining issues has
9	terminated in accordance with section 52ZIC;
10	(ii) the bargaining parties had not reached an agreement
11	about terms for resolving the remuneration issue before
12	the mediation terminated; or
13	(b) the bargaining parties have agreed to arbitration about terms
14	for resolving the remuneration issue no earlier than 10
15	business days after the notification referred to in
16	paragraph (1)(a) was made.
17	(3) The notice must:
18	(a) be in writing; and
19	(b) if regulations made for the purposes of this paragraph specify
20	requirements—meet those requirements.
21	(4) However, the bargaining party that is the bargaining news business
22	representative cannot give a notice under subsection (2) at a time
23	if, within the period of 24 months ending at that time, a notice has
24	been given under subsection (2) in respect of:
25	(a) the designated digital platform service mentioned in
26	paragraph (1)(a); and
27	(b) the registered news business mentioned in paragraph (1)(b).
28	(5) As soon as practicable after the Commission has been given a
29	notice under subsection (2), it must give the ACMA and each of
30	the bargaining parties a notice stating that:
31	(a) an arbitral panel is to be formed; and
32	(b) the members of the panel are to be appointed in accordance
33	with section 52ZM.

1	<b>52ZM</b>	Formation of arbitral panel
2 3		(1) This section applies if a notice has been given under subsection 52ZL(5).
4 5		(2) An arbitral panel is to be formed to arbitrate about the remuneration issue.
6 7 8 9		<ul> <li>(3) The membership of the panel is to be comprised of:</li> <li>(a) the Chair; and</li> <li>(b) unless the bargaining parties agree that the sole member of the panel is the Chair—2 other members.</li> </ul>
10 11		(4) The members of the panel are to be appointed by agreement between the bargaining parties.
12 13		(5) The bargaining parties may agree to appoint persons who are, or are not, listed on the register of bargaining code arbitrators.
14 15 16 17		<ul><li>(6) If the bargaining parties agree on the appointment of one or more of the members, each of the bargaining parties must give the Commission and the ACMA a notice that:</li><li>(a) specifies:</li></ul>
18 19		(i) the name (or names) of the person (or persons) appointed; and
20 21 22		<ul><li>(ii) the date of the agreement; and</li><li>(b) if regulations made for the purposes of this paragraph specify other information—that information.</li></ul>
23 24		(7) For the purposes of subsection (6), the notice must be given no later than the end of:
25 26		(a) the period of 10 business days after the notice was given under subsection 52ZL(5); or
27 28		(b) if regulations made for the purposes of this paragraph specify a different period—that period.
29 30 31		(8) If the bargaining parties cannot agree on the appointment of one or more of the members within that period, the ACMA must make that appointment or those appointments.
32 33		(9) The ACMA may only make an appointment of a person who is listed on the register of bargaining code arbitrators.

52LN	Disclosure of conflicts of interest where ACMA appoints member of panel
	(1) Before the ACMA appoints a person to be a member of the panel,
	the ACMA must give the person a reasonable opportunity to
	declare actual or potential conflicts of interest in accordance with
	subsection (2).
	(2) Before a person accepts appointment as a member of the panel, the
	person must declare to the ACMA any actual or potential conflict
	of interest in relation to the arbitration.
	(3) If the ACMA has reason to consider that a person who has been
	appointed as a member of the panel has any actual or potential
	conflict of interest in relation to the arbitration (regardless whether
	the person declared the conflict in accordance with subsection (2)):
	(a) the ACMA may give a notice in writing to the person stating that the person should no longer be a member of the panel;
	and
	(b) the person ceases to be a member of the panel when ACMA
	gives the person the notice.
	(4) If the ACMA gives a notice under paragraph (3)(a), the ACMA
	must, as soon as practicable:
	(a) give a copy of the notice to the bargaining parties; and
	(b) make an appointment of another person as a member of the
	panel.
	(5) For the purposes of paragraph (4)(b), the ACMA may only make
	an appointment of a person who is listed on the register of
	bargaining code arbitrators.
	(6) For the purposes of this section, a person has a conflict of interest
	in relation to the arbitration if the person has any interest,
	pecuniary or otherwise, that could conflict with the proper
	performance of the person's functions in relation to the arbitration.
<b>52ZO</b>	Costs of arbitral panel
	(1) The bargaining parties must each pay half of the costs of each member of the panel.

1 2	(2) Each member of the panel is to determine that member's costs, worked out as daily costs.
3	(3) If regulations made for the purposes of this subsection specify rules
4	relating to those costs (including the amount of those costs), the
5	bargaining parties must comply with those rules.
6	52ZP Chair to notify start of arbitration
7	(1) The Chair must notify the bargaining parties that arbitration about
8	terms for resolving the remuneration issue will start on a specified
9	day that is no later than 5 business days (or, if the regulations
10	specify a different period, the end of that period) after the
11	appointment of the Chair.
12	(2) The notice must:
13	(a) be in writing; and
14	(b) if regulations made for the purposes of this paragraph specify
15	requirements—meet those requirements.
16	52ZQ Bargaining parties' agreement about dealing with extra
17	services in arbitration
18	(1) The bargaining parties may agree, in writing, that specified
19	services other than the designated digital platform service should
20	be dealt with in the arbitration.
21	(2) If the bargaining parties notify the Chair of the agreement before
22	the start of the arbitration, Subdivision C applies as if:
23	(a) the remuneration issue related to the designated digital
24	platform service and the specified services mentioned in
25	subsection (1); and
26	(b) references in that Subdivision to the designated digital
27	platform service included references to those specified
28	services.
29	(3) The notice must:
30	(a) be in writing; and
	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •
31	(b) if regulations made for the purposes of this paragraph specify
31 32	(b) if regulations made for the purposes of this paragraph specify requirements—meet those requirements.

<b>52ZR</b>	Application
	This Subdivision applies if the Chair has given notice under
	section 52ZP.
<b>52ZS</b>	Obligation to participate in arbitration in good faith
	Each bargaining party must participate in the arbitration in good faith.
<b>52ZT</b>	Information request by bargaining party—general
	(1) Each bargaining party may give the other bargaining party a
	request that the other bargaining party give it specified information if:
	(a) the information is covered by subsection (2); and
	(b) it is reasonable for the bargaining party to make the request
	for the purposes of this Division; and
	(c) the request is made no later than 5 business days after the
	start of arbitration; and
	(d) the bargaining party has not made a previous request under
	this subsection in respect of the arbitration.
	(2) This subsection covers information that is held by any of the
	following:
	(a) if the other bargaining party is the responsible digital
	platform corporation:
	(i) the responsible digital platform corporation;
	(ii) a related body corporate of the responsible digital platform corporation; or
	(b) if the other bargaining party is the bargaining news business
	representative:
	(i) the registered news business corporation for the
	represented registered news business;
	(ii) a related body corporate of the registered news business
	corporation for the represented registered news
	business.

Subdivision C—Final offer arbitration

1	(3) A request under subsection (1) must:
2	(a) be made in writing; and
3	(b) set out reasons why it is reasonable for the bargaining party
4	to make the request for the purposes of this Division; and
5	(c) if regulations made for the purposes of this paragraph specify
6	other requirements—comply with those requirements.
7	(4) The bargaining party must give a copy of the request to the panel
8	on the same day that it gives the request to the other bargaining
9	party.
10	(5) If a bargaining party makes a request under subsection (1), the
11	other bargaining party must ensure that:
12	(a) the request is complied with no later than 10 business days
13	after:
14	(i) unless subparagraph (ii) applies—the request was given
15	to the other bargaining party; or
16	(ii) if an application is made under subsection 52ZU(1)—
17	the panel makes a ruling under subsection 52ZU(3); and
18	(b) the information requested is given in terms that are readily
19	comprehensible; and
20	(c) if the other bargaining party is the responsible digital
21	platform corporation and there are other designated digital
22	platform services of the responsible digital platform
23	corporation—the information is given in terms that relate
24	specifically to the designated digital platform service (and
25	not in terms that relate to that service and those other
26	designated digital platform services in aggregate); and
27	(d) if regulations made for the purposes of this paragraph specify
28 29	other requirements for that information—those requirements are satisfied.
29	are satisfied.
30	52ZU Information request by bargaining party—challenges by
31	other bargaining party
32	(1) The other bargaining party may apply to the panel, in writing, for a
33	ruling that it is <i>not</i> reasonable for the bargaining party to make the
34	request for the purposes of this Division, in relation to all or a
35	specified part of the information requested.

2 3		(2)	business days after the bargaining party gives the request to the other bargaining party.
4 5 6		(3)	If an application is made under subsection (1), the panel must make a ruling in relation to it no later than 10 business days after it is made.
7 8		(4)	The ruling may relate to all or a specified part of the information requested.
9 10		(5)	In making the ruling, the panel must consider the matters mentioned in subsection 52ZZ(1).
11 12 13 14 15		(6)	Nothing in section 52ZT requires the giving of information to the extent (if any) that the panel makes a ruling under subsection (3) that it was <i>not</i> reasonable for the bargaining party to make the request for the purposes of this Division, in relation to all or a specified part of the information requested.
16 17	52 <b>ZV</b>	Info	ormation request by bargaining party—miscellaneous rules
18 19		(1)	Nothing in section 52ZT requires the giving of information the disclosure of which would reveal a trade secret.
20 21 22		(2)	Nothing in section 52ZT requires or authorises the giving of information that is personal information (within the meaning of the <i>Privacy Act 1988</i> ).
23		(3)	If a bargaining party gives information to the other bargaining
24 25 26 27		(-)	party in order to comply with subsection 52ZT(5), the other bargaining party must ensure that the information is not used for a purpose other than a purpose in relation to arbitration under this Division.
25 26			party in order to comply with subsection 52ZT(5), the other bargaining party must ensure that the information is not used for a purpose other than a purpose in relation to arbitration under this

subsection 52ZX(1) before the agreement was made; and (c) no information was given by a bargaining party in order to comply with a request made under subsection 52ZT(1) bethe agreement was made.  (2) The parties must notify the Chair of the agreement as soon as practicable after the day on which the agreement is made.  (3) The arbitration terminates in accordance with that agreement, but no earlier than the day on which parties notify the Chair of the agreement in accordance with subsection (2).  (4) However, if the parties fail to comply with subsection (2): (a) subsection (3) does not apply; and (b) the agreement does not affect the validity of the arbitration any aspect of the arbitration.  52ZX Final offer arbitration  (1) The panel is to make a determination under this subsection about the terms for resolving the remuneration issue that: (a) is in accordance with subsections (7), (8) and (9) (final off arbitration); and (b) sets out a lump sum amount (the remuneration amount) for remunerating the registered news business for the making available of the registered news business covered news	1 2 3		(5) Treat that reference in the provision as being to the number of business days specified in the regulations as mentioned in paragraph (4)(b).
(a) the bargaining parties agree that the arbitration should terminate; and  (b) the panel did not make a determination in accordance with subsection 52ZX(1) before the agreement was made; and  (c) no information was given by a bargaining party in order to comply with a request made under subsection 52ZT(1) beto the agreement was made.  (2) The parties must notify the Chair of the agreement as soon as practicable after the day on which the agreement is made.  (3) The arbitration terminates in accordance with that agreement, but no earlier than the day on which parties notify the Chair of the agreement in accordance with subsection (2).  (4) However, if the parties fail to comply with subsection (2):  (a) subsection (3) does not apply; and  (b) the agreement does not affect the validity of the arbitration any aspect of the arbitration.  52ZX Final offer arbitration  (1) The panel is to make a determination under this subsection about the terms for resolving the remuneration issue that:  (a) is in accordance with subsections (7), (8) and (9) (final off arbitration); and  (b) sets out a lump sum amount (the remuneration amount) fremunerating the registered news business for the making available of the registered news business for the making available of the registered news business for the making available of the registered news business' covered news content by the designated digital platform service for 2 years.	4	52ZW	Agreed early termination of arbitration
(a) the bargaining parties agree that the arbitration should terminate; and  (b) the panel did not make a determination in accordance with subsection 52ZX(1) before the agreement was made; and  (c) no information was given by a bargaining party in order to comply with a request made under subsection 52ZT(1) beto the agreement was made.  (2) The parties must notify the Chair of the agreement as soon as practicable after the day on which the agreement is made.  (3) The arbitration terminates in accordance with that agreement, but no earlier than the day on which parties notify the Chair of the agreement in accordance with subsection (2).  (4) However, if the parties fail to comply with subsection (2):  (a) subsection (3) does not apply; and  (b) the agreement does not affect the validity of the arbitration any aspect of the arbitration.  52ZX Final offer arbitration  (1) The panel is to make a determination under this subsection about the terms for resolving the remuneration issue that:  (a) is in accordance with subsections (7), (8) and (9) (final off arbitration); and  (b) sets out a lump sum amount (the remuneration amount) fremunerating the registered news business for the making available of the registered news business for the making available of the registered news business for the making available of the registered news business' covered news content by the designated digital platform service for 2 years.	5		(1) This section applies if:
terminate; and  (b) the panel did not make a determination in accordance with subsection 52ZX(1) before the agreement was made; and  (c) no information was given by a bargaining party in order to comply with a request made under subsection 52ZT(1) beto the agreement was made.  (2) The parties must notify the Chair of the agreement as soon as practicable after the day on which the agreement is made.  (3) The arbitration terminates in accordance with that agreement, but no earlier than the day on which parties notify the Chair of the agreement in accordance with subsection (2).  (4) However, if the parties fail to comply with subsection (2):  (a) subsection (3) does not apply; and  (b) the agreement does not affect the validity of the arbitration any aspect of the arbitration.  52ZX Final offer arbitration  (1) The panel is to make a determination under this subsection about the terms for resolving the remuneration issue that:  (a) is in accordance with subsections (7), (8) and (9) (final off arbitration); and  (b) sets out a lump sum amount (the remuneration amount) for remunerating the registered news business for the making available of the registered news business for the making available of the registered news business' covered news content by the designated digital platform service for 2 years and  (c) is consistent with rights under contracts that are in force	6		(a) the bargaining parties agree that the arbitration should
subsection 52ZX(1) before the agreement was made; and (c) no information was given by a bargaining party in order to comply with a request made under subsection 52ZT(1) bethe agreement was made.  (2) The parties must notify the Chair of the agreement as soon as practicable after the day on which the agreement is made.  (3) The arbitration terminates in accordance with that agreement, but no earlier than the day on which parties notify the Chair of the agreement in accordance with subsection (2).  (4) However, if the parties fail to comply with subsection (2): (a) subsection (3) does not apply; and (b) the agreement does not affect the validity of the arbitration any aspect of the arbitration.  52ZX Final offer arbitration  (1) The panel is to make a determination under this subsection about the terms for resolving the remuneration issue that: (a) is in accordance with subsections (7), (8) and (9) (final off arbitration); and (b) sets out a lump sum amount (the remuneration amount) for remunerating the registered news business for the making available of the registered news business' covered news content by the designated digital platform service for 2 years and (c) is consistent with rights under contracts that are in force	7		
comply with a request made under subsection 52ZT(1) bethe agreement was made.  (2) The parties must notify the Chair of the agreement as soon as practicable after the day on which the agreement is made.  (3) The arbitration terminates in accordance with that agreement, be no earlier than the day on which parties notify the Chair of the agreement in accordance with subsection (2).  (4) However, if the parties fail to comply with subsection (2):  (a) subsection (3) does not apply; and  (b) the agreement does not affect the validity of the arbitration any aspect of the arbitration.  52ZX Final offer arbitration  (1) The panel is to make a determination under this subsection about the terms for resolving the remuneration issue that:  (a) is in accordance with subsections (7), (8) and (9) (final off arbitration); and  (b) sets out a lump sum amount (the remuneration amount) for remunerating the registered news business for the making available of the registered news business for the making available of the registered news business covered news content by the designated digital platform service for 2 years and  (c) is consistent with rights under contracts that are in force			(b) the panel did not make a determination in accordance with subsection 52ZX(1) before the agreement was made; and
the agreement was made.  (2) The parties must notify the Chair of the agreement as soon as practicable after the day on which the agreement is made.  (3) The arbitration terminates in accordance with that agreement, be no earlier than the day on which parties notify the Chair of the agreement in accordance with subsection (2).  (4) However, if the parties fail to comply with subsection (2):  (a) subsection (3) does not apply; and  (b) the agreement does not affect the validity of the arbitration any aspect of the arbitration.  52ZX Final offer arbitration  (1) The panel is to make a determination under this subsection about the terms for resolving the remuneration issue that:  (a) is in accordance with subsections (7), (8) and (9) (final off arbitration); and  (b) sets out a lump sum amount (the remuneration amount) for remunerating the registered news business for the making available of the registered news business' covered news content by the designated digital platform service for 2 years and  (c) is consistent with rights under contracts that are in force	10		(c) no information was given by a bargaining party in order to
practicable after the day on which the agreement is made.  (3) The arbitration terminates in accordance with that agreement, by no earlier than the day on which parties notify the Chair of the agreement in accordance with subsection (2).  (4) However, if the parties fail to comply with subsection (2):  (a) subsection (3) does not apply; and  (b) the agreement does not affect the validity of the arbitration any aspect of the arbitration.  52ZX Final offer arbitration  (1) The panel is to make a determination under this subsection about the terms for resolving the remuneration issue that:  (a) is in accordance with subsections (7), (8) and (9) (final off arbitration); and  (b) sets out a lump sum amount (the remuneration amount) for remunerating the registered news business for the making available of the registered news business' covered news content by the designated digital platform service for 2 year and  (c) is consistent with rights under contracts that are in force			comply with a request made under subsection 52ZT(1) before the agreement was made.
no earlier than the day on which parties notify the Chair of the agreement in accordance with subsection (2).  (4) However, if the parties fail to comply with subsection (2):  (a) subsection (3) does not apply; and  (b) the agreement does not affect the validity of the arbitration any aspect of the arbitration.  52ZX Final offer arbitration  (1) The panel is to make a determination under this subsection about the terms for resolving the remuneration issue that:  (a) is in accordance with subsections (7), (8) and (9) (final off arbitration); and  (b) sets out a lump sum amount (the remuneration amount) for remunerating the registered news business for the making available of the registered news business covered news content by the designated digital platform service for 2 years and  (c) is consistent with rights under contracts that are in force			The state of the s
no earlier than the day on which parties notify the Chair of the agreement in accordance with subsection (2).  (4) However, if the parties fail to comply with subsection (2):  (a) subsection (3) does not apply; and  (b) the agreement does not affect the validity of the arbitration any aspect of the arbitration.  52ZX Final offer arbitration  (1) The panel is to make a determination under this subsection about the terms for resolving the remuneration issue that:  (a) is in accordance with subsections (7), (8) and (9) (final off arbitration); and  (b) sets out a lump sum amount (the remuneration amount) for remunerating the registered news business for the making available of the registered news business covered news content by the designated digital platform service for 2 years and  (c) is consistent with rights under contracts that are in force	15		(3) The arbitration terminates in accordance with that agreement, but
(4) However, if the parties fail to comply with subsection (2):  (a) subsection (3) does not apply; and  (b) the agreement does not affect the validity of the arbitration any aspect of the arbitration.  52ZX Final offer arbitration  (1) The panel is to make a determination under this subsection about the terms for resolving the remuneration issue that:  (a) is in accordance with subsections (7), (8) and (9) (final off arbitration); and  (b) sets out a lump sum amount (the remuneration amount) for remunerating the registered news business for the making available of the registered news business for the making available of the registered news business covered news content by the designated digital platform service for 2 year and  (c) is consistent with rights under contracts that are in force	16		<del>-</del>
(a) subsection (3) does not apply; and (b) the agreement does not affect the validity of the arbitration any aspect of the arbitration.  52ZX Final offer arbitration  (1) The panel is to make a determination under this subsection about the terms for resolving the remuneration issue that: (a) is in accordance with subsections (7), (8) and (9) (final off arbitration); and (b) sets out a lump sum amount (the remuneration amount) for remunerating the registered news business for the making available of the registered news business' covered news content by the designated digital platform service for 2 years and (c) is consistent with rights under contracts that are in force	17		agreement in accordance with subsection (2).
(b) the agreement does not affect the validity of the arbitration any aspect of the arbitration.  52ZX Final offer arbitration  (1) The panel is to make a determination under this subsection about the terms for resolving the remuneration issue that:  (a) is in accordance with subsections (7), (8) and (9) (final off arbitration); and  (b) sets out a lump sum amount (the remuneration amount) for remunerating the registered news business for the making available of the registered news business' covered news content by the designated digital platform service for 2 years and  (c) is consistent with rights under contracts that are in force	18		(4) However, if the parties fail to comply with subsection (2):
any aspect of the arbitration.  52ZX Final offer arbitration  (1) The panel is to make a determination under this subsection about the terms for resolving the remuneration issue that:  (a) is in accordance with subsections (7), (8) and (9) (final off arbitration); and  (b) sets out a lump sum amount (the remuneration amount) for remunerating the registered news business for the making available of the registered news business' covered news content by the designated digital platform service for 2 years and  (c) is consistent with rights under contracts that are in force	19		(a) subsection (3) does not apply; and
(1) The panel is to make a determination under this subsection about the terms for resolving the remuneration issue that:  (a) is in accordance with subsections (7), (8) and (9) (final off arbitration); and  (b) sets out a lump sum amount (the <i>remuneration amount</i> ) for remunerating the registered news business for the making available of the registered news business' covered news content by the designated digital platform service for 2 year and  (c) is consistent with rights under contracts that are in force			(b) the agreement does not affect the validity of the arbitration or any aspect of the arbitration.
the terms for resolving the remuneration issue that:  (a) is in accordance with subsections (7), (8) and (9) (final off arbitration); and  (b) sets out a lump sum amount (the <i>remuneration amount</i> ) for remunerating the registered news business for the making available of the registered news business' covered news content by the designated digital platform service for 2 years and  (c) is consistent with rights under contracts that are in force	22	52ZX	Final offer arbitration
(a) is in accordance with subsections (7), (8) and (9) (final off arbitration); and  (b) sets out a lump sum amount (the <i>remuneration amount</i> ) fremunerating the registered news business for the making available of the registered news business' covered news content by the designated digital platform service for 2 years and  (c) is consistent with rights under contracts that are in force			(1) The panel is to make a determination under this subsection about
arbitration); and  (b) sets out a lump sum amount (the <i>remuneration amount</i> ) fremunerating the registered news business for the making available of the registered news business' covered news content by the designated digital platform service for 2 year and  (c) is consistent with rights under contracts that are in force			-
(b) sets out a lump sum amount (the <i>remuneration amount</i> ) fremunerating the registered news business for the making available of the registered news business' covered news content by the designated digital platform service for 2 years and (c) is consistent with rights under contracts that are in force			
remunerating the registered news business for the making available of the registered news business' covered news content by the designated digital platform service for 2 years and (c) is consistent with rights under contracts that are in force			
available of the registered news business' covered news content by the designated digital platform service for 2 years and (c) is consistent with rights under contracts that are in force			
and (c) is consistent with rights under contracts that are in force			available of the registered news business' covered news
(c) is consistent with rights under contracts that are in force			content by the designated digital platform service for 2 years;
the contract of the contract o	31		
33 between:			· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
	33		between:

1 2	(i) the responsible digital platform corporation or a related body corporate of the responsible digital platform
3	corporation; and
4	(ii) the registered news business corporation for the
5	represented registered news business or a related body
6	corporate of that registered news business corporation.
7	(2) Each of the bargaining parties must:
8	(a) submit to the panel a final offer for what the remuneration
9	amount should be (expressed as a lump sum); and
10	(b) give a copy of the final offer to the Commission on the same
11	day that it submits the final offer to the panel.
12	(3) If a bargaining party gives a copy of the final offer to the
13	Commission, the Commission must give a copy of the final offer to
14	the other bargaining party as soon as practicable.
15	(4) A final offer:
16	(a) cannot be submitted later than the latest of the following:
17	(i) the end of the period of 10 business days after the day
18	on which the arbitration starts;
19	(ii) if a bargaining party makes a request under
20	subsection 52ZT(1) (information requests)—the end of
21	the period of 10 business days after the latest day on
22	which the other bargaining party may comply with the
23	request in accordance with subsection 52ZT(5);
24	(iii) if a bargaining party makes an application under
25	subsection 52ZU(1) (challenges to information
26	requests)—the end of the period of 10 business days
27	after the day on which the panel makes a ruling in
28	relation to the application under subsection 52ZU(3);
29	(iv) if regulations made for the purposes of this
30	subparagraph specify a different period—the end of that
31	period;
32	(v) if the panel considers that exceptional circumstances
33	justify a different period—the end of that period; and
34	(b) cannot be more than 30 pages in length.
35	(5) An offer that does not comply with subsection (4) is not a final
36	offer for the purposes of this Division.
	• •

1	(6) A final offer, once submitted, cannot be withdrawn or amended.
2 3	(7) The panel must accept one of the final offers unless the panel considers that each final offer is not in the public interest because i
4	is highly likely to result in serious detriment to:
5	(a) the provision of covered news content in Australia; or
6	(b) Australian consumers.
7	(8) If the panel does not accept one of those final offers, it must
8	ascertain the remuneration amount by adjusting the most
9	reasonable of those offers in a manner that results in that offer
10	being in the public interest.
11 12	(9) If one bargaining party fails to submit to the panel a final offer for what the remuneration amount should be, in accordance with
13	subsection (4), the panel must:
14	(a) accept the final offer submitted by the other bargaining party.
15	in accordance with subsection (7); or
16	(b) ascertain the remuneration amount by adjusting the final
17	offer submitted by the other party, in accordance with
18	subsection (8).
	527V A Timel - 66-11 A - L
19	52ZXA Final offer to be accompanied by information about
20	contracts
21	(1) If a bargaining party submits to the panel a final offer in
22	accordance with subsection 52ZX(4), it must, on the same day that
23	it submits the final offer to the panel, give the panel information
24	that:
25	(a) is relevant to the arbitration; and
26	(b) relates to all contracts that are in force between:
27	(i) the responsible digital platform corporation or a related
28	body corporate of the responsible digital platform
29	corporation; and
30	(ii) the registered news business corporation for the
31	represented registered news business or a related body
32	corporate of that registered news business corporation.

1 2 3		(2) Nothing in subsection (1) requires the giving of information if doing so would disclose information that is protected against disclosure by a duty of confidence.
4 5 6		(3) To avoid doubt, subsection (2) does not prevent a bargaining party from giving information under subsection (1) if the other bargaining party agrees to the bargaining party doing so.
7 8	<b>52ZY</b>	Final offer arbitration—termination of arbitration if no final offers
9 10 11 12		If both bargaining parties fail to submit to the panel a final offer for what the remuneration amount should be, the arbitration terminates on the day after the last day on which such a final offer could have been submitted in accordance with subsection 52ZX(4).
13	<b>52ZZ</b>	Matters to consider in arbitration, etc.
14		(1) In making a determination under subsection 52ZX(1) (including in
15		complying with subsections 52ZX(7), (8) and (9)), the panel must
16		consider the following matters:
17 18 19		(a) the benefit (whether monetary or otherwise) of the registered news business' covered news content to the designated digital platform service;
20		(b) the benefit (whether monetary or otherwise) to the registered
21		news business of the designated digital platform service
22		making available the registered news business' covered news
23		content;
24		(c) the reasonable cost to the registered news business of
25		producing covered news content;
26		(ca) the reasonable cost to the designated digital platform service
27		of making available covered news content in Australia;
28		(d) whether a particular remuneration amount would place an
29		undue burden on the commercial interests of the designated
30		digital platform service.
31		(2) In considering the matters set out in subsection (1), the panel must
32		consider the bargaining power imbalance between Australian news
33		businesses and the designated digital platform corporation.

1	52ZZA Other requirements for arbitration determination
2 3	(1) The panel must make the determination no later than 35 business days (or, if the regulations specify a different period, the end of
4	that period) after the latest of the following days:
5 6	(a) the last day on which a final offer may be submitted in accordance with subsection 52ZX(4);
7 8	(b) the last day on which a submission may be given by a bargaining party in accordance with subsection 52ZZB(1);
9 10	(c) the last day on which a submission may be given by the Commission in accordance with subsection 52ZZC(1);
11 12	(d) the last day on which a submission may be given by a bargaining party in accordance with subsection 52ZZC(3).
13	(2) If the Chair is not the sole member of the panel:
14 15	(a) the panel must endeavour to make the determination by unanimous decision of the members of the panel; and
16 17	(b) where a unanimous decision is not possible, the panel must make the determination by majority decision of the members
18	of the panel.
19 20 21	(3) The panel must, as soon as practicable, give written reasons for making the determination to the bargaining parties and the Commission.
22 23	(4) Those written reasons must contain the information (if any) specified in regulations made for the purposes of this subsection.
24	52ZZB Submissions of bargaining parties
25	(1) Each bargaining party may give to the panel a submission about
26	the final offer of the other bargaining party, no later than 5 business days (or, if the regulations specify a different period, the
27 28	end of that period) after the panel has received both final offers (in
29	accordance with paragraph 52ZX(2)(a)).
30 31	(2) The submission can only deal with issues that are dealt with in any material accompanying either of the final offers.
32	(3) The submission cannot be more than 20 pages in length.

No. , 2021

1 2	(4)	If a bargaining party gives the panel a submission under subsection (1):
3 4		(a) the bargaining party must give a copy of the submission to the Commission on the same day that it gives the submission to the panel; and
5		•
6 7		(b) if the Commission is given a copy of the submission under paragraph (a), the Commission must give a copy of the
8 9		submission to the other bargaining party as soon as practicable.
10	52ZZC Re	ole of Commission
11	(1)	The Commission may give to the panel a submission in relation to
12	· /	the arbitration, no later than 10 business days (or, if the regulations
13		specify a different period, the end of that period) after the
14		Commission has received both final offers (in accordance with
15		paragraph 52ZX(2)(b)).
16	(1A)	The information contained in the submission must be:
17		(a) impartial factual information that relates to the relevant
18		market; and
19		(b) impartial information that relates to relevant economic
20		principles.
21	(2)	If the Commission gives the panel a submission under
22		subsection (1), it must give the bargaining parties a copy of the
23		submission on the same day that it gives the submission to the
24		panel.
25	(3)	Each bargaining party may give to the panel a submission about
26		the Commission's submission, no later than 5 business days after
27		the bargaining party has received the Commission's submission.
28	(4)	The bargaining party's submission cannot be more than 20 pages in
29	( )	length.
30	(5)	If a bargaining party gives the panel a submission under
31	(3)	subsection (3):
32		(a) the bargaining party must give a copy of the submission to
33 34		the Commission on the same day that it gives the submission to the panel; and

1 2 3 4	(b) if the Commission is given a copy of the submission under paragraph (a), the Commission must give a copy of the submission to the other bargaining party as soon as practicable.
5	52ZZD Guidelines about conduct of arbitration
6 7	(1) The Commission may, in writing, make guidelines relating to the conduct of an arbitration under this Division.
8 9 110 111 112 113 114 115 116	<ul> <li>(2) However, the Commission cannot include in the guidelines a provision that relates to any of the following matters unless the Minister has approved the provision, in writing:</li> <li>(a) how a panel makes a ruling under subsection 52ZU(3) (information requests);</li> <li>(b) the content of final offers made by bargaining parties in accordance with subsection 52ZX(2);</li> <li>(c) the content of submissions given by bargaining parties in accordance with subsection 52ZZB(1);</li> <li>(d) how a panel makes a determination in accordance with</li> </ul>
18 19 20	subsection 52ZX(1).  (3) A panel may take the guidelines into account in conducting an arbitration under this Division.
21 22 23 24 25 26	<ul> <li>(4) However:</li> <li>(a) the panel need not take the guidelines into account in conducting the arbitration; and</li> <li>(b) a failure by the panel to take the guidelines into account in conducting the arbitration does not affect the validity of the arbitration or any aspect of the arbitration.</li> </ul>
27 28	(5) The Commission must publish the guidelines on its website as soon as practicable.
29 30 31	(6) General information made available by the Commission in accordance with subsection 28(1) must not relate to the conduct of an arbitration under this Division.
32 33	(7) Guidelines made under subsection (1) are not a legislative instrument.

1	Subdivision D—Effect of arbitral determination
2	52ZZE Bargaining parties must comply with the determination
3 4	The bargaining parties must comply with a determination made by the panel in accordance with subsection 52ZX(1).
5	Division 8—Enforcement etc.
6	52ZZF Record generating and keeping
7 8 9	(1) A responsible digital platform corporation for a designated digital platform service must comply with requirements specified in regulations made for the purposes of subsection (2).
10 11	(2) The regulations may specify requirements for the generation and keeping of records relating to the operation of this Part.
12 13 14	(3) Division 5 of Part IVB applies in relation to subsection (1) in the same way in which it applies in relation to an applicable industry code (within the meaning of that Part).
15 16	(4) This section does not limit section 155 (which is about the general information-gathering powers of the Commission).
17	52ZZG Infringement notices—Division 4 of this Part
18 19 20 21 22	(1) Subject to subsection (2), Division 2A of Part IVB applies in relation to an alleged contravention of a provision of Division 4 of this Part in the same way in which it applies in relation to an alleged contravention of a civil penalty provision of an industry code (within the meaning of that Part).
23 24 25 26	(2) For the purposes of applying Division 2A of Part IVB in accordance with subsection (1), treat the reference in paragraph 51ACF(a) to 50 penalty units as being a reference to 600 penalty units.
27	52ZZH Joint and several liability for pecuniary liabilities
28	(1) Subsection (2) applies if:

1 2 3	(a) a responsible digital platform corporation for a designated digital platform service is liable to a pecuniary penalty in accordance with section 76 because it contravened a
4	provision of this Part; and
5 6	(b) the responsible digital platform corporation is not the service's designated digital platform corporation.
7	(2) The responsible digital platform corporation and the service's designated digital platform corporation are jointly and severally
9	liable for the pecuniary penalty.
10 11	Division 9—Agreements between digital platform corporations and registered news business
12	corporations
13	52ZZI Simplified outline of this Division
14	Responsible digital platform corporations may make standard
15	offers relating to remuneration for registered news business
16	corporations. If an offer is accepted by a registered news
17	business corporation, rules under this Part relating to
18 19	bargaining and arbitration do not apply to the parties to the contract.
20	Responsible digital platform corporations (and related bodies
21	corporate) may also make agreements outside this Part to
22	disapply rules under this Part relating to bargaining,
23	arbitration and other matters.
24	Responsible digital platform corporations (and related bodies
25	corporate) may also make offers relating to such matters under
26	this Part.
	50771 C411
27	52ZZJ Standard offers—content
28	(1) An offer by a responsible digital platform corporation for a
29	designated digital platform corporation complies with this
30	subsection if:

No. , 2021

1 2 3	<ul> <li>(a) the responsible digital platform corporation makes the offer to each registered news business corporation covered by subsection (2) (a <i>covered RNBC</i>); and</li> </ul>
4 5	(b) the offer provides for the matters in subsection (3) (acceptance procedure); and
6 7	(c) the offer provides that a binding agreement resulting from it will have:
8	(i) the features mentioned in subsection (4) (formal matters); and
10	(ii) the features mentioned in subsection (5) (remuneration).
11 12	(2) A registered news business corporation is covered by this subsection unless:
13 14	(a) regulations made for the purposes of this paragraph specify a kind or kinds of registered news business corporation; and
15 16	(b) the registered news business corporation is not of that kind or one of those kinds.
17	(3) For the purposes of paragraph (1)(b), the matters are as follows:
18 19	<ul> <li>(a) a covered RNBC may accept the offer before the end of the offer period;</li> </ul>
20 21 22 23	(b) subject to paragraphs (c) and (d), such an acceptance becomes final, and a resulting agreement between the responsible digital platform corporation and the covered RNBC becomes binding, at the end of the offer period;
24 25	<ul><li>(c) the covered RNBC may revoke such an acceptance before the end of the offer period;</li></ul>
26 27	(d) the responsible digital platform corporation may revoke the offer before the end of the offer period.
28	(4) For the purposes of subparagraph (1)(c)(i), the features of the
29	agreement are as follows:
30 31	(a) the agreement provides that it covers specified corporations (the <i>covered corporations</i> ); and
32	(b) each covered corporation is:
33	(i) the responsible digital platform corporation; or
34	(ii) a related body corporate of the responsible digital
35	platform corporation; or
36	(iii) the registered news business corporation; or

1 2	(iv) a related body corporate of the registered news business corporation; and
3	(c) the agreement specifies a 2 year period (the <i>covered period</i> )
4	during which it is in force; and
5	(d) the agreement specifies one or more designated digital
6	platform services or other services (the covered services) of
7	the designated digital platform corporation; and
8	(e) the agreement expressly provides that some or all provisions
9	mentioned in subsection 52ZZK(4) (the <i>specified provisions</i> )
10	are not to apply to the extent that they would impose an
11	obligation on one covered corporation in respect of another
12	covered corporation in relation to the covered services.
13	(5) For the purposes of subparagraph (1)(c)(ii), the features of the
14	agreement are as follows:
15	(a) the agreement specifies that the responsible digital platform
16	corporation will ensure the payment of remuneration to the
17	covered RNBC (or a related body corporate of the covered
18	RNBC) for the making available of the registered news
19	business' covered news content by one or more of the
20	covered services, in respect of the covered period; and
21	(b) if regulations made for the purposes of this paragraph specify
22	other features—those features.
23	(6) Regulations made for the purposes of paragraph (5)(b) may specify
24	features relating to the amount of the remuneration mentioned in
25	paragraph (5)(a) (including features that require the determination
26	of that remuneration to be based on specified factors).
27	(7) Subsection (6) does not limit the scope of regulations that may be
28	made for the purposes of paragraph (5)(b).
29	(8) The <i>offer period</i> is the period that:
30	(a) starts when the responsible digital platform corporation gives
31	a copy of the offer to a covered RNBC; and
32	(b) ends:
33	(i) unless subparagraph (ii) applies—60 days after the
34	period starts; or
35	(ii) if regulations made for the purposes of this
36	subparagraph specify a different day—on that day.
•	The second secon

1	(9) To avoid doubt, this section does not prevent the making of other
2	kinds of offers or agreements.
3	52ZZK Standard offers—consequences of agreement
4	(1) Subsection (2) applies if:
5	(a) a responsible digital platform corporation for a designated
6	digital platform corporation makes an offer to make a
7	binding agreement; and
8	(b) the offer complies with subsection 52ZZJ(1); and
9	(c) the responsible digital platform corporation has given a copy
10	of the offer to all registered news business corporations
11	covered by subsection 52ZZJ(2); and
12	(d) a registered news business corporation for a registered news
13	business has accepted the offer, and the resulting agreement
14	has become binding on the responsible digital platform corporation and the registered news business corporation;
15 16	and
17	(e) the parties to the agreement notify the Commission, in
18	writing, that the agreement has become binding.
19	(2) The specified provisions do not apply to the extent that
20	(disregarding this subsection) they impose an obligation on one covered corporation in respect of another covered corporation in
21 22	relation to the covered services that are designated digital platform
23	services.
24	(3) However, subsection (2) does not apply if, before the agreement
25 26	became binding, a notification has been made for the purposes of subsection 52ZE(1) to the responsible digital platform corporation,
20 27	in relation to the registered news business.
21	•
28	(4) The provisions are as follows:
29	(a) Division 6 (bargaining);
30	(b) Division 7 (arbitration about remuneration issue).
21	52ZZL Contracting out of general requirements, bargaining and
31 32	arbitration
J.	
33	(1) Subsection (2) applies if:

1 2 3	(a) a responsible digital platform corporation for a designated digital platform corporation (or a related body corporate of such a responsible digital platform corporation) makes a
4	binding agreement with another corporation (the <i>news</i>
5	business corporation); and
6	(b) the agreement provides that it covers specified corporations
7	(the <i>covered corporations</i> ); and
8	(c) each covered corporation is:
9	(i) the responsible digital platform corporation; or
10	(ii) a related body corporate of the responsible digital
11	platform corporation; or
12	(iii) the news business corporation; or
13 14	(iv) a related body corporate of the news business corporation; and
15	(d) the agreement specifies the period (the <i>covered period</i> )
16	during which it is in force; and
17	(e) the agreement specifies one or more designated digital
18	platform services or other services (the <i>covered services</i> ) of
19	the designated digital platform corporation; and
20	(f) the agreement expressly provides that some or all provisions
21	mentioned in subsection (4) (the <i>specified provisions</i> ) are not
22	to apply to the extent that they would impose an obligation
23 24	on one covered corporation in respect of another covered corporation in relation to the covered services; and
	•
25	(g) the parties to the agreement notify the Commission, in writing, that the agreement has been made.
26	writing, that the agreement has been made.
27	(2) The specified provisions do not apply to the extent that
28	(disregarding this subsection) they impose an obligation on one
29	covered corporation in respect of another covered corporation in
30	relation to the covered services that are designated digital platform
31	services.
32	(3) However, subsection (2) does not apply if:
33	(a) an arbitration under Division 7 started in relation to any of
34	the covered services in respect of the payment of
35	remuneration, for a period starting or ending in the covered
36	period, to the news business corporation (or a related body
37	corporate of the news business corporation); and

1	(b) before the agreement was made:
2 3	(i) the panel made a determination in accordance with subsection 52ZX(1); or
4	(ii) a bargaining party gave information in order to comply
5	with a request made under subsection 52ZT(1).
6	(4) The provisions are as follows:
7	(a) Division 4 (general requirements);
8	(b) Division 6 (bargaining);
9	(c) Division 7 (arbitration about remuneration issue).
10	52ZZM Offers relating to general requirements, bargaining and
11	arbitration not prohibited
12	(1) To avoid doubt, nothing in this Part prevents a responsible digital
13	platform corporation for a designated digital platform corporation
14	(or a related body corporate of such a responsible digital platform
15	corporation) from making an offer, to corporations covered by
16	subsection (2) in general, to make an agreement of a kind described
17	in paragraphs 52ZZL(1)(a) to (f).
18	(2) This subsection covers a corporation that, either by itself or
19	together with other corporations, operates or controls a news
20	business.
21	(3) To avoid doubt:
22	(a) the offer may provide that it is not subject to further
23	negotiations; and
24	(b) this section does not prevent the making of other kinds of
25	offer.

## Division 10—Powers and functions of the ACMA in relation to this Part

52ZZN Powers of the ACMA to obtain information e	
5///N Powers of the At WA to obtain information e	tc

3	52ZZN Powers of the ACMA to obtain information etc.
4	Application of Broadcasting Services Act 1992
5	(1) Subject to this Division, Parts 13 and 14B of the <i>Broadcasting</i>
6	Services Act 1992, and any other provisions of that Act to the
7	extent that they relate to either of those Parts, apply as if:
8	(a) a reference in Part 13 of the <i>Broadcasting Services Act 1992</i>
9	to the ACMA's broadcasting, content and datacasting
10	functions included a reference to the powers and functions of
11	the ACMA under Part IVBA of this Act; and
12	(b) the references in paragraphs 168(2)(b) and 187(2)(b) of that
13	Act to the "due administration of this Act" included a
14	reference to the due administration of Part IVBA of this Act.
15	Note: Part 13 of the <i>Broadcasting Services Act 1992</i> deals with
16 17	information-gathering by the ACMA, and Part 14B of that Act deals with civil penalties.
18	Offences and civil penalty provisions
19	(2) For the purposes of applying the Broadcasting Services Act 1992 in
20	relation to this Part in accordance with subsection (1):
21	(a) omit the penalty in section 201 of that Act and instead treat
22	that section as if it were a civil penalty provision for the
23	purposes of that Act; and
24	(b) disregard subsections 202(1) and (2) of that Act; and
25	(c) disregard subsections 205F(4) and (5) of that Act; and
26	(d) treat the maximum penalty for a contravention of a civil
27	penalty provision of Part 13 or 14B of that Act (including a
28	contravention of a provision that is treated as a civil penalty
29	provision because of this section) as being 600 penalty units.

1

1 2	52ZZO No Ministerial directions to the ACMA in relation to this Part
3 4 5 6	<ul> <li>(1) Section 14 of the Australian Communications and Media Authority         Act 2005 does not apply in relation to the performance of the         ACMA's functions, or the exercise of the ACMA's powers, under:         <ul> <li>(a) this Part; or</li> </ul> </li> </ul>
7 8	(b) Part 13 of the <i>Broadcasting Services Act 1992</i> , as it applies in relation to this Part because 52ZZN of this Act.
9 10 11	(2) Subsection (3) applies for the purposes of applying Part 13 (the <i>applied Part</i> ) of the <i>Broadcasting Services Act 1992</i> in relation to this Part in accordance with section 52ZZN of this Act.
12 13 14	(3) Disregard any provision in the applied Part to extent that the provision allows the Minister (within the meaning of the provision to give a direction to the ACMA that relates to the performance of
15 16	the ACMA's functions, or the exercise of the ACMA's powers, under this Part.
17	Division 11—Miscellaneous
18	52ZZP Exceptions to Part IV
19 20 21	For the purposes of subsection 51(1), an arrangement between 2 or more registered news business corporations is specified and specifically authorised if it is an arrangement for the purposes of
22 23	negotiating, under or in relation to this Part, with a responsible digital platform corporation in relation to covered news content.
24	52ZZQ Concurrent operation of State and Territory laws
25	It is the Parliament's intention that a law of a State or Territory
26 27	should be able to operate concurrently with this Part unless the law is directly inconsistent with this Part.
28 29	52ZZR Giving information and producing documents by electronic means
30 31	Paragraphs 9(1)(d) and (2)(d) and 11(1)(e) and (2)(e) of the <i>Electronic Transactions Act 1999</i> do not apply to a requirement, or

No.

1 2		permission, under this Part to give information in writing or produce a document.
3		Note: Those paragraphs of the <i>Electronic Transactions Act 1999</i> deal with
4		the consent of the recipient of information or documents to the
5		information being given, or the documents being produced, by way of
6		electronic communication.
7	52ZZS Re	eview of operation of this Part
8	(1)	Within the period of 12 months after the commencement of this
9		Part, the Minister must cause a review of the operation of the Part
10		to be commenced.
11	(2)	The review must be completed no later than 12 months after the
12		commencement of the review.
13	(3)	A written report of the review must be given to the Minister and
14		the Communications Minister (within the meaning of the National
15		Broadband Network Companies Act 2011).
16	(4)	The Minister must ensure that copies of the report are available for
17		public inspection as soon as practicable after the period of 28 days
18		beginning on the day the report is given to the Minister.

## Part 2—Other amendments

2	C	ompetition and Consumer Act 2010
3	2	After paragraph 2B(1)(a) Insert:
5		(aaa) Part IVBA;
6	3	After paragraph 5(1)(a)
7		Insert:
8		(aa) Part IVBA;
9	4	Paragraph 5(1)(f)
10		After "(a),", insert "(aa),".
11	5	Paragraph 29(1A)(a)
12		After "IV,", insert "IVBA,".
13	6	Subsection 75B(1)
14		Omit "or IVB", substitute ", IVB or IVBA".
15	7	After subparagraph 76(1)(a)(i)
16		Insert:
17		(iaa) a provision of Part IVBA specified in subsection (4A):
18	8	Paragraph 76(1A)(b)
19		After "or that relates to", insert "section 52ZC, 52ZH, 52ZS or
20		52ZZE,".
21	9	After paragraph 76(1A)(b)
22		Insert:
23		(baa) for each act or omission to which this section applies that
24 25		relates to a provision of Division 4 of Part IVBA—6000 penalty units;
23		ponany units,

1 2 3		(bab) for each act or omission to which this section applies that relates to section 52J or 52ZI or subsection 52ZT(5), 52ZV(3) or 52ZZF(1)—600 penalty units;
4	10	After subsection 76(4)
5		Insert:
6		Specified provisions of Part IVBA
7 8		(4A) For the purposes of subparagraph 76(1)(a)(iaa), the following provisions of Part IVBA are specified:
9		(a) section 52J;
10		(b) section 52ZI;
11		(c) a provision of Division 4 of Part IVBA;
12		(d) section 52ZC;
13		(e) section 52ZH;
14		(f) section 52ZS;
15		(g) subsection 52ZT(5);
16		(h) subsection 52ZV(3);
17		(i) section 52ZZE;
18		(j) subsection 52ZZF(1).
19	11	After subparagraph 80(1)(a)(ii)
20		Insert:
21		(iiaa) a provision of Part IVBA;
22	12	Paragraph 82(1)(a)
23		Omit "or IVB", substitute ", IVB or IVBA".
24	13	Subparagraph 83(1)(b)(i)
25		Omit "or IVB", substitute ", IVB or IVBA".
26	14	Paragraphs 84(1)(b) and (3)(b)
27		After "Part IVB", insert "or IVBA".

1 2	15	contravening conduct)
3		Omit "or IVB", substitute ", IVB or IVBA".
4	16	Subsection 87(1)
5		Omit "or Division 2 of Part IVB", substitute ", Division 2 of Part IVB,
6		or Part IVBA".
7	17	Paragraphs 87(1A)(a) and (b)
8		After "Division 2 of Part IVB,", insert "Part IVBA,".
9	18	Subsection 87(1C)
10		After "Division 2 of Part IVB,", insert "Part IVBA,".
11	19	After subparagraph 155(2)(b)(ia)
12		Insert:
13 14		(ib) a designated digital platform matter (as defined by subsection (9AB) of this section); or
15	20	After subsection 155(9AA)
16		Insert:
17		(9AB) A reference in this section to a designated digital platform matter
18 19		is a reference to the performance of a function, or the exercise of a power, conferred on the Commission by or under:
20		(a) Part IVBA; or
21		(b) regulations made under this Act for the purposes of that Part.
22	21	Subsection 155AAA(21) (paragraph (a) of the definition of
23		core statutory provision)
24 25		After "Part IV,", insert "IVBA,".
26		
	(177	/20)